Abhandlu	ingen
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Articles

Ste	phan KÖRNER: Some Clarifications and Replies
	The following topics are touched upon: the nature of categoria
	rameworks; the failure of transcendental deductions; the dif-
	erence between immanent and transcendent metaphysics; a dis-
	inction between dependent and independent particulars; the rôle
	of idealization in scientific thinking; the logic of inexact con-
	epts; the place of modal logic in immanent metaphysics; the
	problem of logical relevance; the rôle of metaphysics in mathe
	nathical thinking; the development of mathematical concepts
	he relation beween exhibition- and replacement-analysis; the lo
	cical structure of practical thinking; the possibility of rational ar
	ument on moral issues.

Pavel TICHY: Frege and the Case of the Missing Sense.....

It is widely held that oblique contexts and indexical terms present difficulties to Frege's theory of sense. The aim of the present paper is to show that a simple device involving no revision of Frege's semantic doctrine resolves all the alleged difficulties. A simple extension of Frege's notation is proposed which makes it possible to translate oblique contexts into the concept script.

Over the past fifteen years or so the distinction between *de dicto* and *de re* modality has been revived and pressed into service in a number of areas of philosophy. In "Plantinga on the *De Dicto/De Re* Distinction" it is argued that one prominent argument/persuasion advanced for making the distinction in the first place is unsound. The argument for making the distinction attempts to elicit rational acceptance of it by clearly illustrating it with a proposition that is false when modal-fied *de dicto*, true when modal-fied *de re*. However, if the example (and ones like it) is critically scrutinized, and the distinction between referential and attributive uses of definite descriptions carefully adhered to, doubt can be cast on whether our intuitions regarding the case are really, at

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base, intuitions about a different and distinct form of modality, de re modality.	
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cipates Dummett's putatively original idea of a non-reductive yet non-realist semantics for standard factual claims asserted on the basis of sense-evidence. There is an internal relation, in Descartes' philosophy, between a repudiation of uncertainty and a repudiation of a non-realist conception of the world.

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Heinz Dieter HECKMANN: Was sind Sinnesdaten?..... Für die Sinnesdatenphilosophie sind zwei Behauptungen zentral: (1) Der sinnliche Gehalt des sinnlich-perzeptiven Bewußtseins ist gegenständlich oder objektual aufzufassen, d.h. es gibt Sinnesdaten oder phänomenale Gegenstände mit phänomenalen Beschaffenheiten; (2) Das sinnlich-perzeptive Bewußtsein ist nach dem Modell: Subjekt — zweistelliges Prädikat — Objekt zu analysieren, d.h. Sinnesdaten sind uns als Objekte unseres sinnlich-perzeptiven Bewußtseins unmittelbar gegeben. Die Annahmen (1) und (2) führen in philosophische Aporien. Es ist jedoch möglich, den sinnlichen Gehalt des sinnlich-perzeptiven Bewußtseins nicht-gegenständlich aufzufassen und nach einem Modell zu analysieren, welches eine solche Vergegenständlichung und die damit verbundenen Probleme vermeidet. Die sich gegen ein solches nicht-objektuales oder adverbiales Analysemodell erhebenden phänomenologischen und semantischen Einwände lassen sich entkräften.

Santiago RAMIREZ: Jean Cavaillès and the Vienna Circle French epistemology of mathematics — Cavaillès, Lautman, Herbrand — took a critical position about the project for a theory of science stated by the Vienna Circle. The opportunity was provided by the International Congress of Philosophy of Science celebrated in Prague in 1936. The position taken by Cavaillès and Lautmann was surprisingly close to that taken by Tarski's introduction of semantics and to Wittgenstein's *Tractatus*. More specifically, to those parts of the *Tractatus* that were disqualified by Carnap. This criticism will be a part of what would later constitute "mathematical philosophy".

Kai NIELSEN: Counting the Costs of Equality

Conservative criticisms of egalitarianism are examined. Entitlement and desert based accounts of justice are assessed. Nisbet's, Nozick's and Flew's accounts, as paradigms of conservative views, are criticized and liberal egalitarian and radical egalitarian accounts of justice, in their responses to conservatism, are contrasted and a defense is provided for radical egalitarianism. A secure place for entitlements is found within an egalitarian frame-

work. Liberty and equality are shown to be so reciprocally related that one cannot flourish without the other and socialism and egalitarianism are shown not to be enemies of liberty. Personal property remains intact under socialism but private productive property does not. But the non-existence of the latter is perfectly compatible with the existence of the full range of basic liberties. Following a coherentist methodology respect for entitlements, for liberty and a commitment to equality are shown to be in reflective equilibrium.

Besprechungen	Review Articles
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